



Tento materiál byl vytvořen v rámci projektu Operačního programu Vzdělávání pro konkurenceschopnost.

Projekt MŠMT ČR	EU PENÍZE ŠKOLÁM
Číslo projektu	CZ.1.07/1.4.00/21.2146
Název projektu školy	Inovace ve vzdělávání na naší škole ZŠ Studánka
Klíčová aktivita III/2	Inovace a zkvalitnění výuky prostřednictvím ICT

Sada č. II

Identifikátor DUM: VY_32_INOVACE_SADA II_AJ, DUM 11

Vzdělávací oblast: Jazyk a jazyková komunikace

Vzdělávací obor: Anglický jazyk

Název: Present Continuous (reading comprehension, grammar practise)

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Stručná anotace: Čtení s porozuměním zaměřené na přítomný čas průběhový, doplněné úkoly souvisejícími s textem

Metodické zhodnocení: Aktivita určená pro žáky šestých ročníků – pilotáž dne 30.5.2011 v 6.C



INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

Autorem materiálu a všech jeho částí, není-li uvedeno jinak, je Mgr. Soňa Jarošová

Present Continuous – Přítomný čas průběhový

- a) Vyjadřuje **děj**, který **probíhá v přítomnosti** nebo který se **právě děje**
- b) Vyjádření **budoucnosti** (něčeho, co je naplánované, domluvené – hlavně, když známe čas a místo)

Přítomný čas průběhový se tvoří pomocným slovesem **to be** + významové sloveso zakončené – **ing** (příčestí přítomné)

I am (I'm)	}	helping	We are (We' re)	}	helping
You are (You're)			You are (You' re)		
He is (He's)			They are (They' re)		
She is (She's)					
It is (It's)					

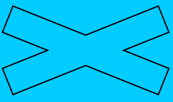
Stažené tvary jsou běžné v hovorové angličtině.

Příčestí přítomné (- ing tvary)

- speak + ing → speaking
- talk + ing → talking

Změny:

a) Sloveso končící na nevyslovené – e, - e před příponou – ing odpadá:

live	→	living		be	→	being
make	→	making		see	→	seing

b) - y se před – ing nemění:

study	→	studying
play	→	playing

c) Když jednoslabičné sloveso končí na samohlásku + souhlásku

→ dvojí se

stop	→	stopping	get	→	getting
sit	→	sitting	drop	→	dropping

Tvoření otázky

- přehozením slovosledu mezi podmětem a slovesem **to be**

She is cooking.


Is she cooking?

Krátká odpověď (ano – ne): Yes, she is.
 No, she isn' t.

Are you reading? Yes, I am.
 No, I am not.

Po „Yes“ v krátké odpovědi **NELZE** použít stažený tvar.

Zápor

- za pomocné sloveso „to be“ dáme záporku „not“

He is not helping.

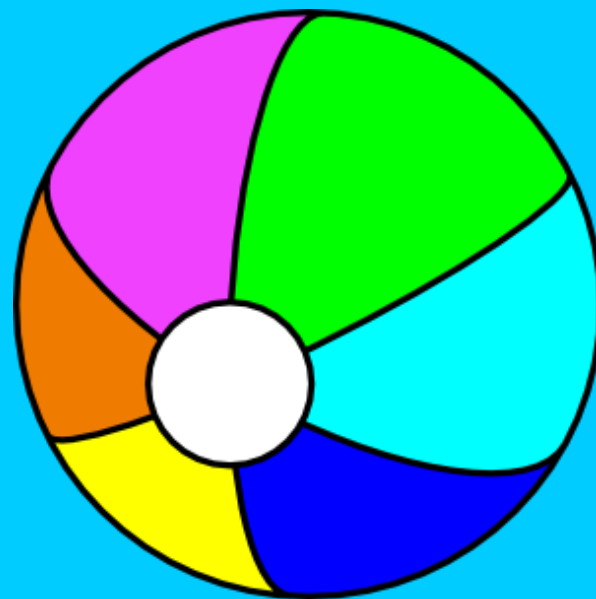
He isn' t helping.

(He' s not helping.)

They are not sleeping.

They aren' t sleeping.

(They' re not sleeping.)



At the seaside

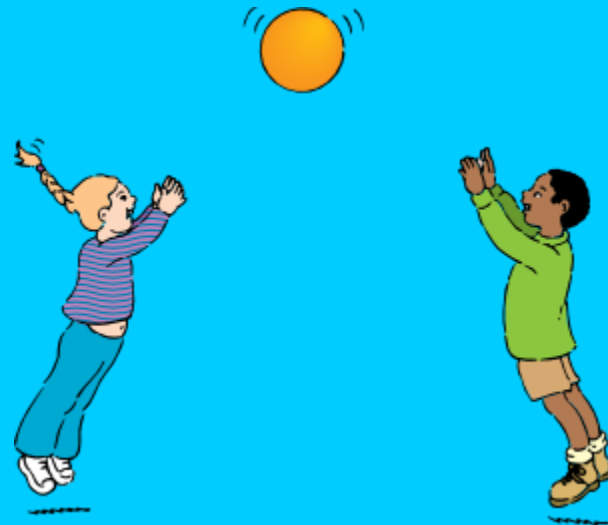
Our family is on holiday.
We are staying at the Ocean
Hotel near the sunny beach in
Florida. We are all happy to be
here. The weather is very
pleasant. The sun is shining
and the gently wind is blowing.



It's ten o'clock in the morning. We are on the beach. There are lots of people everywhere. Some of them are swimming in the sea, the others are lying and sunbathing. Our family friends are not lying. They are playing beach volleyball. Their little children John and Sue are making a sand castle.



And what about our family? What are all her members doing? My parents are having a rest. They are sitting on deckchairs, talking and drinking cold drinks. My elder brother Frank is reading a magazine because he isn't feeling well at the moment. My younger sister Peggy is lying. She isn't sleeping, she is listening to music. And where is our nice dog Barney? Over there. In the sea. He is swimming. And me? I am very happy to be here with all my family. I am watching the sea and dreaming about my plans for the future.



I. Complete the present continuous forms from the text

1. We at the Ocean Hotel.
2. The wind
3. Some people in the sea.
4. The others and
5. Our friends beach volleyball.
6. She a sand castle.
7. John swimming.
8. My parents cold drinks.
9. Frank a magazine.
10. Peggy to music.
11. Barney
12. I the sea and about my plans for the future.

II. Make negative sentences (1-6 from exercise I.)- full and short forms

1. We are not staying at the Ocean Hotel.
We aren't staying at the Ocena Hotel.
2.
.....
3.
.....
4.
.....
5.
.....
6.



III. Make questions (sentences 7-12 from excercise I.)

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

IV. What are they doing?

1. My parents **are having a rest, talking and drinking cold drinks.**
2. John and Sue
3. Barney
4. Our friends
5. Peggy
6. The sun
7. I
8. The wind
9. Frank

V. Find 15 verbs (you can see them in the text)

a)

S	S	L	E	E	P	D	N
T	W	O	A	P	U	R	A
A	I	N	T	I	D	E	T
Y	M	A	K	E	R	A	C
L	A	D	Y	S	I	M	H
E	H	T	A	B	N	U	S
R	E	A	D	L	K	E	P
A	K	L	R	O	G	V	E
C	O	K	O	W	L	A	A
L	I	S	T	E	N	H	K



stay
swim
talk
eat
blow

drink
dream
watch
speak



sleep
make



sunbathe
listen
read



have

b) Make – ing forms with these

1. stay

2. swim

3. talk

4. eat

5. blow

6. drink

7. dream

8. have

9. watch

10. speak

11. sleep.....

12. make

13. sunbathe

14. read

15. listen

**c) Choose 6 of these „– ing“ forms (excercise V. b) and
mae your own sentences in Present Continuous**

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

Key

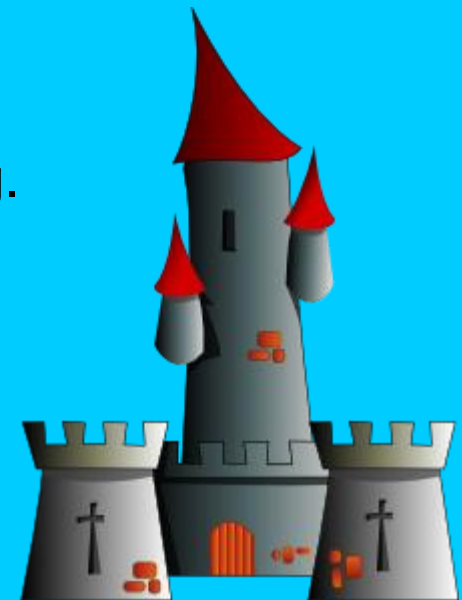
I.

1. are staying
2. is blowing
3. are swimming
4. are lying, sunbathing
5. are playing
6. is making
7. is not
8. are having, talking, drinking
9. is reading
10. is listening
11. is swimming
12. am watching, dreaming



II.

1. We are not staying at the Ocean Hotel.
We aren't staying at the Ocean Hotel.
2. The wind is not blowing.
The wind isn't blowing.
3. Some people are not swimming in the sea.
Some people aren't swimming in the sea.
4. The others are not lying and are not sunbathing.
The others aren't lying and aren't sunbathing.
5. Our friends are not playing beach volleyball.
Our friends aren't playing beach volleyball.
6. Sue is not making a sad castle.
Sue isn't making a sad castle.



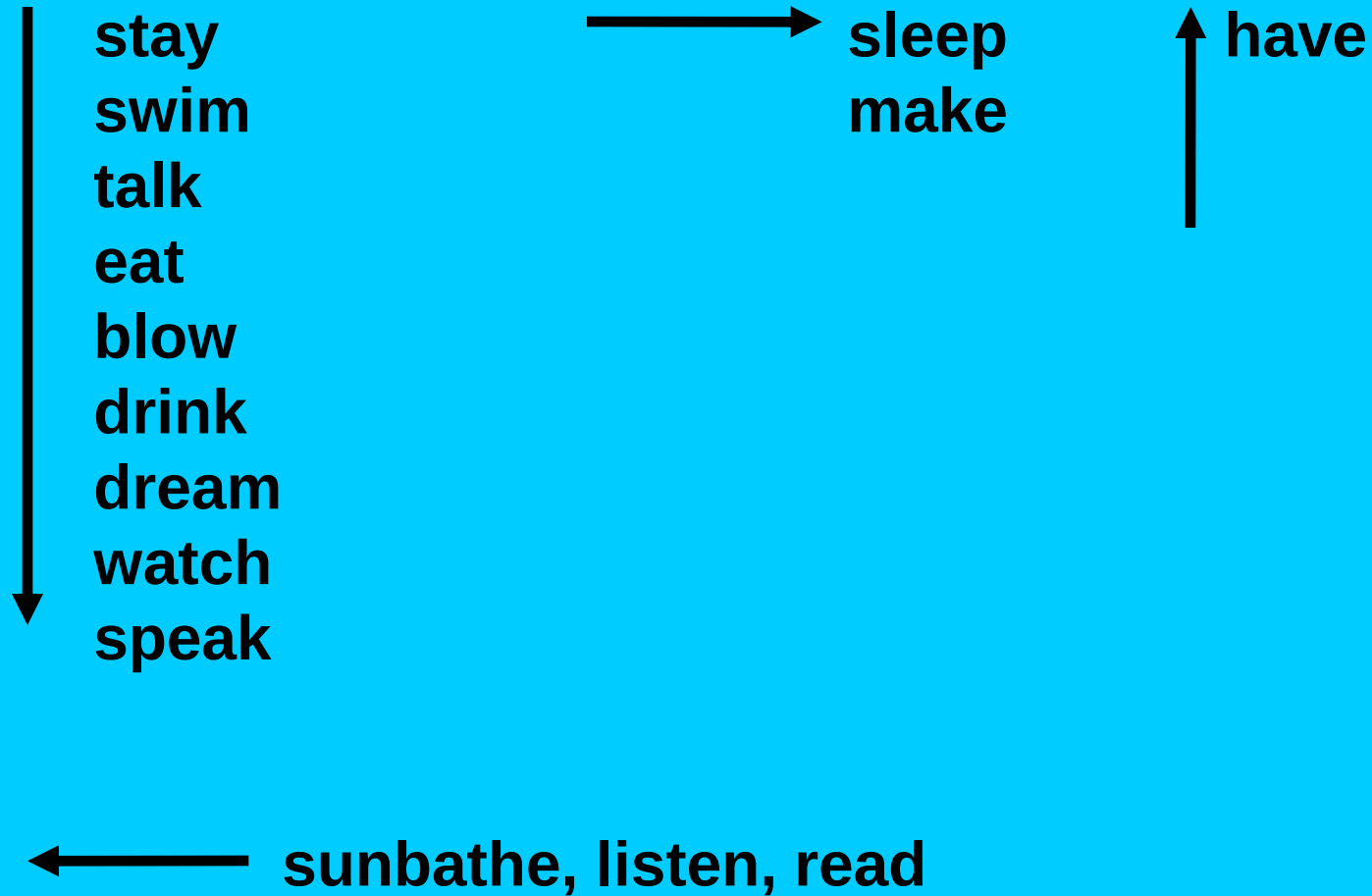
III.

7. Is John not swimming?
8. Are my parents having a rest, talking and drinking cold drinks?
9. Is Frank reading a magazine?
10. Is Peggy listening to music?
11. Is Barney swimming?
12. Am I watching the sea and dreaming about plans for the future?

IV.

1. My parents are having a rest, talking and drinking cold drinks.
2. John and Sue are making a sand castle.
3. Barney is swimming in the sea.
4. Our friends are playing beach volleyball.
5. Peggy is listening to music.
6. The sun is shining.
7. I am watching the sea and dreaming (about my plans for the future).
8. The wind is blowing.
9. Frank is reading a magazine.

V. a)



V. b)

- | | |
|-------------|----------------|
| 1. staying | 9. watching |
| 2. swimming | 10. speaking |
| 3. talking | 11. sleeping |
| 4. eating | 12. making |
| 5. blowing | 13. sunbathing |
| 6. drinking | 14. reading |
| 7. dreaming | 15. listening |
| 8. having | |

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